

Applications of Innovative Packaging to Reduce FLW from Farm to Household

Plastics Industry Development Center (PIDC)

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PIDC Introduction



Plastics Industry Development Center (PIDC):

- **Established** in 1993, by a joint initiative between the government and plastics industries.
- **Mission:** To drive economic growth by supporting and advancing the plastics industry.
- Focus:

•Addressing the unique challenges faced by local predominantly SME-based plastics sector (98% of enterprises).

- Providing essential resources in:
 - •Knowledge development.
 - •Internationalization.

•Key Role: Bridging the gap and fostering growth within the plastics industry.

Headquarters

PIDC headquarters serves well-equipped facilities, such as analytical testing laboratory, pilot plant, biomedical laboratory, biodegradable testing laboratory, etc., and a strong R&D teams with professional researchers and counsellors to provide services for the industry.

Southern Branch

PIDC southern branch specializes in product development laboratory and demonstration sites for cooperative companies and aims to explore the development of high-value-added industrial application products, assists in industrial transformation plans, and creates value-added business models.







Global trends of Packaging Material



Biobased

PEF (polyethylene furanoate)

vs PET (polyethylene terephthalate)

Advantages

- 100% biobased
 - synthesized from fructose or glucose
- Improved shelf life compared with PET
 - O₂ barrier 6-10x better
 - CO₂ barrier: 3–20× better
 - H₂O barrier: 2× better
- Light weight
 - 60% higher modulus and strength than PET
- Hot Fill/Hot serve
 - 12°C higher Tg than PET
- Recyclable, existing recycling system compatible with PEF

Mono

95% PP pouch laminates

Pouch laminates is used to protect food stuff from moisture, oxygen, aromas, light etc. to extend shelf life.

For PP pouch laminates, extrusion

lamination process is used to laminate

- PP cast and biaxially oriented
- polypropylene (BOPP) films,
- conventional pouch laminate materials contain approximately 90% PP.

Advantages

Recyclability

Biodegradable



Algae Spirulina

Advantages:

- Excellent mechanical properties
- Cultivatable on a large scale.
- Self-extinguishing, biodegradable and recyclable
- Same processing methods **Disadvantages:**
- Susceptible to damage from water exposure
- Further research required

Global Trends on Packaging Technology



Modified Atmosphere Packaging (MAP)



Control the atmosphere inside packaging to extend shelf life, maintain product quality or enable controlled ripening processes.

- Substitute air inside the package with a less reactive gas
- Create a controlled ventilation system within the packaging.

Active Packaging



Spatial Atomic Layer Deposition (SALD) technology lays down one atomic layer at a time, producing nano coatings that are uniform, pinhole-free and ultrathin.

Smart Packaging





Freshness sensors monitor changes in bacterial count, gases correlated with spoilage, inherent color change and etc.

Example: A colorimetric sensor monitors pork loin freshness within packaging by detecting CO_2 levels, indicating bacterial growth. Color changes, analyzed via a smartphone app, correlate to contamination.





Case Examples

Projects by PIDC

Breathable Waterproof Bag for Fruit Bagging



Problems Encountered Waterproof Layer **Penetrative Layer** Crop **Breathable membrane** Non-woven fabric Pests Pesticide Sun exposure Diseases **Environmental barrier** Bagging Regulate sunlight Pest & disease protection **Solution**

Field Trials

Common Bagging



Material properties

- Pore size > 100 μm
- Air permeability > 2,000 $g/(m^2 \cdot 24h)$
- Water pressure resistance <2,000 mm-H₂O
- Cheap/easy to break, poor protection

Breathable Waterproof Bagging



Material properties

- Pore size < 10μm
- Air permeability>2,000
 g/(m²•24h)
- Water pressure resistance>2,000 mm-H₂O
- Breathable and waterproof, durable and unbreakable

Breathable Waterproof Bag for Fruit Bagging Example





Breathable Waterproof Bag

Loss rate: 6.5% Sweetness: 12.3 ± 1.2° Weight: 128.2 ± 12 g

Note: Loss rate: peach damage amount/total peach production

- Breathable waterproof bag can repel oriental fruit flies, thus reducing losses from insect pests, with a loss rate of only 6.5% ٠
- Paper bags are thin and easily attacked by oriental fruit flies, causing fruit drop, resulting in a 12.2% loss rate. ٠







Fresher Green Bag Results

















16th day







Patent Allocation

Packing material for preserve fruits and vegetables and producing method thereof

- R.O.C Patent Number: I-481498
- USA Patent Number: US9701818B2

Aging delaying material for fruits and vegetables and producing method thereof

- R.O.C Patent Number : I-546021
- Japan Patent Number : 6152529
- USA Patent Number : 9877493

Comply with international food packaging standard

- 1. FDA of USA
- 2. EU-10/2011 : Expanding the list of heavy metals to include aluminum for specific migration
- 3. EN 71-3/2003 heavy metals standard



Pressure Regulating Packaging for Microwave Foods





According to Stratistics MRC, the global microwave food market size was US\$115.76 billion in 2023 and is expected to reach US\$176.37 billion by 2030, with a compound annual growth rate of 6.2% during the forecast period.



No easy peel film for microwave food packaging available.



Before microwave, the packaging must be opened.

Cut opening needed for readily microwaveable products.

Pressure Regulating Film Design





Product advantages:

- Smooth appearance
- Small vent holes, good barrier properties
- Continuous production



Pressure regulating sealing film exhaust path (vertical vs horizontal)

Antibacterial Packaging

PIDC

Aquatic products are highly perishable due to enzymatic and microbial activity, with spoilage driven by microorganisms from the fish and secondary contamination. Preservation focuses on eliminating or inhibiting these factors through sterilization using ozone or hypochlorous acid, or by slowing down microbial growth and enzymatic reactions with lowtemperature methods like refrigeration and freezing, thereby extending shelf life.





Discarded oyster, shrimp and crab shells

Antibacterial packaging



Cold packing





Fishing product packaging

Chitosan

 Has antibacterial properties and inhibitory effects on fungi.

Nisin

A natural antimicrobial peptide and a food biological preservative.

Composite membrane

Antibacterial Packaging Results-Chitosan





Measurement of antibacterial activity on plastics and other non-porous surfaces (CNS 15823).

Changes in bacteria count in grouper fillets coated with 0% and 0.5% chitosan films during storage at 4 $^\circ$ C.

Chitosan formula packaging material results





Changes in mesophilic bacterial counts, pyrolytic bacterial counts, and volatile basic nitrogen in grouper fillets coated with chitosan film during storage at 4 °C.



Pseudomonas fluorescens

Staphylococcus aureus



Antibacterial Packaging Results-Nisin

Escherichia coli





Staphylococcus aureus

Effect of antibacterial effect with addition of chitosan to nisin

Antibacterial Packaging Results on Different Bacteria





PLA, 100% PLA flim.

C5, 0.5%CH-PLA film.

EN2, 20 mM EDTA+ 0.02% nisin PLA film.

C5EN1, 0.5% chitosan + 20 mM EDTA + 0.01% nisin PLA film.

C5EN2, 0.5% chitosan + 20 mM EDTA + 0.02% nisin PLA film.

Antibacterial Packaging Results on Fish Fillet



Changes in total bacterial count for grouper fillet at 4 °C with polylactic acid plastic film (PLA), chitosan-polylactic acid plastic film (C5), chitosan-polylactic acid plastic film (C5EN1)

The bacterial count of **uncoated grouper fillets** exceeded the raw food standard on the **6th day**; the chitosanpolylactic acid plastic film (C5EN1) can effectively inhibit the increase of bacterial count in the first 3 days and **extend the shelf life to 9 days**.



Patent No. M663019 A long-acting sustained-release film structure

A long-acting slow-release film structure is provided. A plurality of fresh-keeping materials are sprayed onto the fresh-keeping carrier and dried, and then uniformly mixed with a plastic substrate and solidified to form the slow-release layer, thereby effectively controlling the release of the fresh-keeping materials from the long-acting slow-release film structure and slowing down the rapid precipitation of the fresh-keeping materials from the surface of the long-acting slow-release film structure.





Material

Recyclable

•mono-material packaging to simplify the recycling processes.

Sustainable

•plant-based materials such as PLA (polylactic acid), cellulose, seaweed, and mushroom-based packaging (mycelium).



Function

Protective barrier

•Modified microenvironment around the developing fruit, protecting it from external stressors.

Prolonged storage

•Advanced materials and coatings developed to better protect food from oxygen, moisture, and other external factors.





Thank you for your time.

